

Introduction

This Test Interface is a hand held test clip, designed to probe simultaneously the leads on the PLCC device.

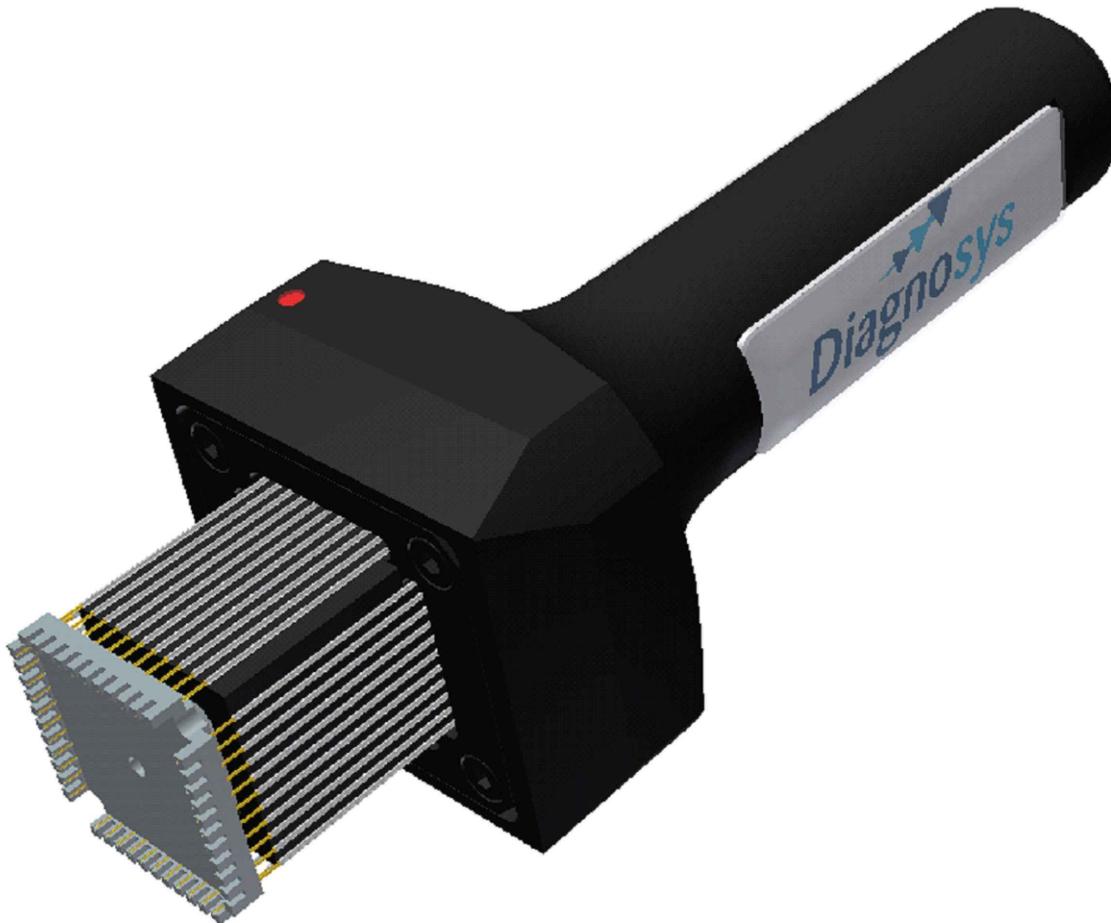
Its primary use is to directly interface with a NON-Socketed PLCC, however, there are some instances where the device can be tested whilst it is in its PLCC socket (depending on the socket type). This clip is not an 'underside' test clip.

It is terminated with two 25 way male "D" type connectors, the interface makes temporary electrical contact with the leads of the device, in a two step action:

- the interface is carefully placed onto the device ensuring that the lower body of the clip is aligned with the device;
- by pushing the handle further, the high-performance microprobes will reach the leads of the device and make electrical contact.

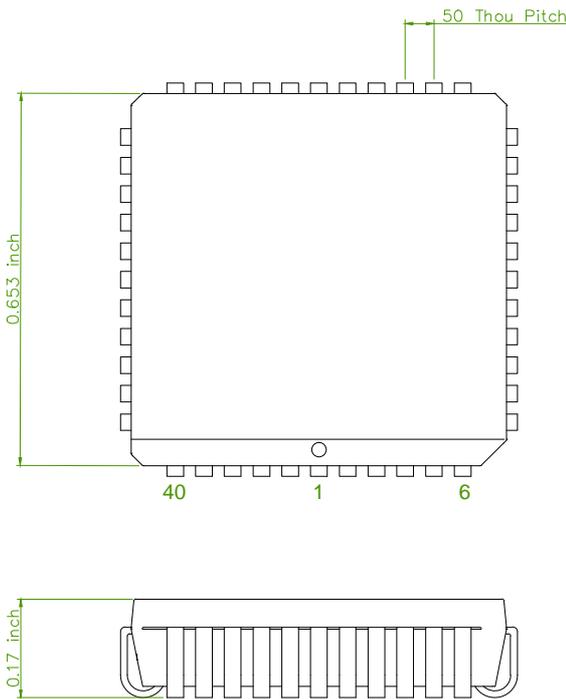
Features

- achieves the best combination of reliability, repeatability, serviceability and user-friendliness;
- high contact pressure at probe tip, for repeatable and reliable contact;
- high reliability and long life interchangeable microprobes;
- sweeping action gold plated contacts, for reliable contact and low ohmic resistance of interconnections;
- high current rating (for single channel, in ambient air with 70°F [20°C]) : 1.5A
- impact, solvent and temperature resistant plastics, with low friction;
- wide range of operating temperatures (commercial): [0°C to +70°C]
- clear markings on the body, indicating Pin 1 of IC being tested, to prevent probing the wrong way round;
- packaged in a hard wearing, high resistance to damage Polypropylene case with foam insets, the Test Interface can withstand high impact in transit.
- case can be used for safe storage when the Test Interface is not in use, and subsequent transport.
- very flexible cable (military quality harnessing) with low friction, high performance TFE TEFLON insulated wires (MIL-W-16878E Type E, UL1213);



Specification

- It will accommodate an unsocketed 44 Pin PLCC, 50Thou pitch, **JEDEC MO-047 VARIATION AC**
- It will also accommodate the PLCC in some PLCC Sockets;
- Maximum number of interconnections (channels): 44
- Current rating, with all contacts loaded (maximum continuous current, non inductive): 0.5A /channel;
- Contact resistance (average): 80 mΩ /channel;
- Insulation resistance: 5MΩ Min.
- Volume resistivity of plastic parts: $10^{15} \Omega\text{-cm}$ @ 50%RH.
- Fatigue life of probes: Min. 1,000,000 cycles at normal working distance;
- Working distance (normal stroke): 1.8mm;
- Microprobe force at point of contact (normal stroke): 0.3N



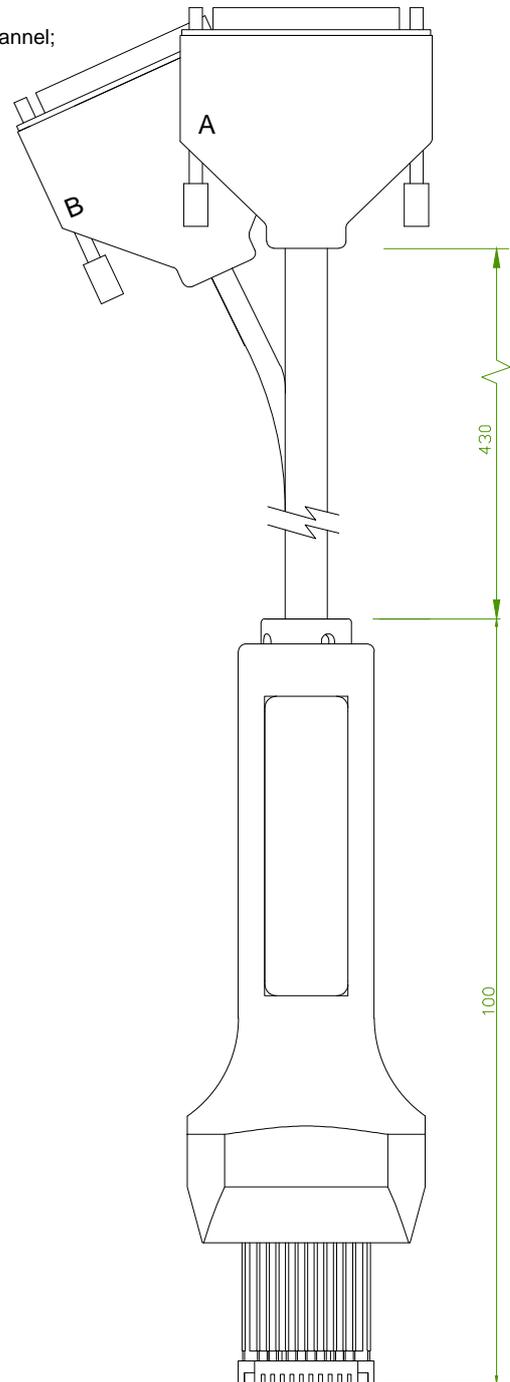
NOTES

- 1) All dimensions in mm, unless otherwise specified.
- 2) Pin 1 of IC marked in red on probe body.

Connections Table

IC Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Connector 'A' Pin	1	14	2	15	3	16	4	17	5	18	6	19	7	20	8	21	9	22	10	23	11	24
PinPoint Channel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

IC Pin	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Connector 'B' Pin	1	14	2	15	3	16	4	17	5	18	6	19	7	20	8	21	9	22	10	23	11	24
PinPoint Channel	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46



Maintenance

The Test Interface Head is maintenance free. The microprobes are self-cleaning. Immersion in water or contact between microprobes and any liquids should be avoided, as this could severely reduce the working life of microprobes.

Contamination is the primary cause of probe contact problems. This is generally caused by flux left as a residue on circuit boards. Other probe contaminants such as dust, fluff, oil and grime can also cause problems in other areas. Light brushing of the tips of the probes with nylon, bristle or soft metal brushes will dislodge most contaminants.